

The Arrivals from California.

The steamship Cherokee, Capt. Windle, from Chagres, by the way of Kingston, Jamaica, arrived at New York on Friday morning at an early hour. She brings about \$1,611,000 in specie and a large number of passengers.

The U. S. steamship Georgia, Lieut. Porter, U. S. N. commanding, also arrived at New York on Friday morning from Chagres, by the way of Havana.

The latter brought the mail of August 1st from San Francisco. The dates, however, are no later than those published by us already.

The Cherokee brings \$1,510,989 54 on her freight list and it is calculated that another \$100,000 is in the hands of the passengers. The cargo of the Georgia is principally from Havana.

The Georgia left \$22,000 in gold at Havana, to be transferred to the Ohio for conveyance to New Orleans.

The Georgia left Chagres at noon on the 25th of August, and arrived at Havana on the 30th. She was there detained until the night of the 1st, waiting to connect with the Falcon and Ohio. The Falcon arrived from New Orleans the afternoon of the 1st from New York.

Nothing had been heard of the robbers of the specie train, although several arrests had been made on suspicion.

The passengers report a steamer coming into Panama when they left, supposed to be the New Orleans. The Panama was the only steamer in port. The Oregon and Columbus were daily expected. Great numbers were coming down from the mines, for the purpose of returning home; many of them in a destitute condition, and the most of them had barely made enough to pay expenses.

All foreigners had been driven out of the mines, in consequence of the frequent murders. Over a hundred Mexicans were landed in Acapulco by the steamer Panama, who were obliged to leave.

The passengers bring very unfavorable reports from the mines. The rivers remained high, and there was much disappointment in consequence.

Every thing was quiet when the Georgia left Havana. Troops were coming from Spain, and in a short time the force on the Island would amount to over 30,000 regular troops.

The cholera had broken out afresh at Sagua la Grande, and was carrying off a great number of negroes.

Havana was visited by a hurricane on the 22d of August. It blew with great violence, and did a great deal of damage to the shipping. All the vessels dragged their anchors about the harbor, many beautiful trees were injured, and the banana and plantain trees were almost all destroyed.

The Captain General had refused permission to the American steamers to go to the dock which the company had hired from the English Mail Company.—No cause assigned.

The N. Y. Courier learns, from a source fully entitled to credit, that Mrs. Miller, whose sudden disappearance and supposed suicide at Niagara falls elicited so much remark a few weeks since, returned to the home of her father, the late Senator Norvell, at Detroit, Michigan, who has died during her absence. The stories with which the Press has teemed about her having gone to Europe in company with a gentleman, &c., are wholly unfounded. She returns of her own accord, drawn mainly, we believe, by a strong desire to see her children. Her mind seems to be disordered, and it is supposed by her friends, that her absence was induced by the strong religious excitement under which she had been laboring for some time.

FOLLOWS OF MAN.—The author of the following dissects with the pen as keenly as the surgeon with his knife:

We strip pleasure to the skin—take her cloak, bonnet, frock, bustle, and all—rob her of every charm—and then they say there is no such thing as pleasure in the world! We extinguish the torch that hope holds in her hand, and follow lightning-bugs into a mud-puddle! By superlative folly you frighten happiness from your firesides, and then you say "she has left your bed and board without provocation." Thus man makes hills to tire himself with climbing—produces darkness to grumble about—creates corns to swear at—and puts difficulties in his own path, in order that he may struggle with them! Well, my friends, if you can't move without first setting fire to your shirts, all I have to say is blaze away—anything to give a start!

"O blessed health!" cried my father, making an exclamation as he turned over the leaves to the next chapter—"thou art above all gold and treasure; 'tis thou who enlargeth the soul, and openest all its power to receive instruction and relish virtue. He that has thee has little more to wish for; and he that is so wretched as to want thee—wants everything with thee."

Tristram Shandy.

Passing Generations.

The pulse and hearts of a thousand generations cease to beat and throb with the business and cares of earth. Time was when they were alive upon the earth, and active amid its busy scenes. They had their joys and their sorrows. They flitted, as we do, across life's busy stage, and disappeared forever behind the curtain of mortality. They are gone. The winds of centuries have swept over their graves. As it was with them, so it will be with us. "Dum civimus, vivamus"—Live while you live.

"Generation after generation," says an eloquent writer, "have felt as we feel, and their fellows were as active as our own. They passed away like a vapor, while nature wore the same aspect of beauty as when her Creator commanded her to be. The heavens shall be as bright over our graves as they are now around our paths. The world will have the same attractions for our offspring yet unborn, that she has now for ourselves, and that she has now for our children. Yet a little while and all this will have happened.—The throbbing heart will be stilled, and we shall be at rest. Our funeral will wind on its way, and the prayers will be said, and our friends will all return, and we shall be left to darkness. And it may be for a short time that we shall be spoken of, but the things of life will creep in, and our names will soon be forgotten. Days will continue to move on, and laughter and song will be heard in the place in which we died; and the eye that mourned for us will be dried and glisten again with joy; and even our children will cease to think of us, and will not remember to lip our names."

GENERAL TAYLOR'S REMAINS.—Col. Bliss, in a letter to Christian Roselins, of New Orleans in behalf of Mrs. Taylor, relative to the removal of the remains of General Taylor, says:

The desire which you express, in behalf of the citizens of Louisiana, that the remains of the late President should be removed to that State for final interment, exhibits a degree of respect for his memory which is the more feelingly appreciated by Mrs. Taylor, because she has many valued friends in your State, and cherished associations connected with her residence there; she therefore, deeply regrets that the wish of the committee cannot be complied with. Her own feelings, and those of the members of her family, now here, are decidedly in favor of the removal of the remains to the family cemetery, near Louisville, where the father and kindred of her late husband have been buried. She is sure that the committee will understand the motives which lead her to prefer this disposal of the remains. She is not the less grateful to them and to the people whom they represent, for the distinguished tribute of affectionate regard to the memory of the departed, which their application conveys, and for which she begs leave to tender her warmest acknowledgments.

ANOTHER RAILROAD RIOT.—On Monday a disgraceful riot occurred among the Irish laborers on the Central Railroad, on Fenlon's section, between East Liberty and Wilkinsburg. This was another "war of classes," one party of the belligerents being "Corkonians," and the other party "Connaught men." The fight began in the morning and was continued, at intervals, through the day. As far as we can learn there had been no previous disagreement. The secret is that the workmen had leisure, and some indulged a little too freely in the bottle.

Officers Hague and Reed went out yesterday afternoon, but the rioters had all fled and it was found impossible to make any arrests.

There were of course a good many serious wounds inflicted, with stones, sticks, fists, &c., but no lives were lost.

Since the above was written, we have learned that a man named Hughes (a Connaught man) was so severely beaten by a Corkonian, that he cannot live. The Corkonians were the aggressors throughout.

Drawing Caricatures.—The great moral satirist, Hogarth, was once drawing in a room where many of his friends were assembled, and among them a young lady. As she stood by Hogarth she expressed a wish to draw caricatures.

"Alas young lady," said Hogarth, "it is not a faculty to be envied.—Take my advice and never draw caricatures—by the long practice of it I have lost the enjoyment of beauty. I never see a face but distorted—I never have the satisfaction to behold the human face divine."

We may suppose that such language from Hogarth would come with great effect. His manner was very earnest, and the confession is well deserving of remembrance.

A salute of 100 guns was fired at New York on the receipt of the passage of the California Bill, and 30 additional ones in honor of the Committee of Thirteen.

The New York Mirror says, with apparent confidence, the passion for music in New York is Jenningsine.

Mail Review.

The population of Rossville, Ohio, is estimated at less than 2200.

The Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, for the diocese of Ohio, assembled in Dayton on the 25th inst.

John Ort, a pauper, hung himself in the Lafayette (Ind.) Poor House on Friday while laboring with a fit of insanity.

It is stated in some of the Eastern papers that Gov. Letcher will retire from his mission to Mexico in a few months. \$300,000 was paid out of the Treasury at New York on the 16th inst., on a mint certificate.

At Syracuse, David Baer, a German Jew, drowned himself, such was his grief for the death of his father.

A scorpion was found lately in a saw-pit, in Chatham dock-yard, taken out of a piece of Italian oak, alive.

Miss Bremer has gone to spend a few days at Detroit. Thence she goes to the Falls of St. Anthony.

One thousand dollars reward is offered by the Governor of Pennsylvania for the apprehension and conviction of the murderers of Charles Burd, in Philadelphia.

The steamer America has gone into the Chicago line. She is superceded on the Sandusky line by the Empire, Capt. Heber Squire, a thorough seaman and courteous officer.

The last case of modesty is that of a young lady, who declared she wouldn't pass by a ship-yard where there were so many white oak knees all in plain sight.

A dispatch from Washington states that the rumor that the American flag had been trampled upon at Charleston, turns out, as might have been expected, to be a hoax.

Mr. Ware, a merchant of Virginia, while laboring under temporal derangement, at Baltimore, jumped from the fifth story window of the Eutaw House, on the 14th inst., and was killed.

The Rev. J. B. Magruder, of West Liberty, Ohio, committed suicide by hanging, on the 3d inst. He had recently sunk into deep melancholy, and thus terminated his existence when in a fit of derangement.

It was reported at Havana, when the German town touched there on the 29th ult., that the Queen's officials had condemned three of the American prisoners, still in custody, to be shot; and that the remaining six were sentenced to work in the chain gang.

A Magnificent Feast—Vile Calumny.

By reference to the proceedings published yesterday it will be seen that a Locofoco House of Representatives have kicked out of Congress the puerile and malignant charges that Mr. Richardson and other bitter enders had hatched up and promulgated against Mr. Ewing. It will be remembered that these charges were vauntingly made—that packed committee of a majority of Locofocos was appointed by Speaker Cobb—that Richardson was chairman thereof, and that months of time and thousands of dollars have been spent to try and dig up something that would blast the reputation of Mr. Ewing. But it has all failed, miserably failed! The majority reported against him, as was designed and expected. The minority, headed by Mr. Vinton, reported exonerating Mr. Ewing from any improper act. These two reports have been discussed several days, and on Saturday last the House very unceremoniously branded Mr. Richardson as a vile slanderer, and his charges as foul calumnies, and adopted the resolution of Mr. Vinton, wholly vindicating Mr. Ewing from all these imputations. And thus perishes, in its own stench and rottenness, another of the many efforts to crush one of the ablest and purest men of the nation.—It is an unwilling verdict of his political enemies in his favor.—State Journal.

Slaves Running Home Again.

The Delaware Gazette states that the seven slaves who sometime since ran away from Mr. Calvert, of Prince George's co., Md., applied at the watch house for lodgings, in that city, a few nights since, stating that they had been to Pennsylvania, were tired of freedom, and were trying to get back to their master. They stated that they had been deceived off by a white man, whose name they did not know, by specious promises and delusive hopes, and that they much preferred living with Mr. Calvert as his slaves, than to lead the life they did after they reached their destination, and desired to be sent home. The mayor had them lodged in the jail at New Castle, and sent a dispatch by telegraph to their owner, who had them removed to his home.

CARRIER PIGEONS.—We hear from France of astonishing results obtained with carrier pigeons, by the Societies which in Belgium devote themselves to the production of this bird in perfection. They are trained so as to traverse the whole of France from one end to the other in less than a day; recently a number were sent to Pampeluna in Spain, to be let loose and return by flight to Brussels. On the 10th ult., the Pigeon-raising Society called the Visible of Brussels, let fly 63 pigeons from Lyons at 5 A. M. Prizes were given to the owners of the birds, which showed the quickest reach Brussels. The first prize was won by Mr. J. Vanhaelen, whose pigeon arrived 31 minutes past 2 o'clock, P. M.; the second prize was won by a pigeon which came at 39 minutes past 2; the third at 20 minutes before three. The distance from Lyons to Brussels by railroad is about 600 miles, which the first pigeon flew over in 7 1/2 hours.

Railway from Chillicothe to Gallipolis.

A company has been organized under a charter, to construct a Railway from Chillicothe to Gallipolis, through Jackson, designed as a connecting link between the Virginia works which terminate at the mouth of the Kanawha, and the Scioto and Hocking Valley roads terminating at Chillicothe. The distance from Chillicothe to Gallipolis is 65 miles, and the Scioto Gazette assures us that 45 miles of the line are in the richest mineral region of the Valley of the Ohio.—The whole line, it is said, is more favorable than is the Great Western line from Boston to Springfield, in Massachusetts.—Cin. Gazette.

Reception of the Turkish Ambassador at Quarantine.

The Turkish Ambassador, Amir Bey, on the arrival of the Erie at Quarantine yesterday, was welcomed to the State of New York by Dr. Sidney Doane, Health Officer of the port.

Dr. Doane alluded very particularly to the kindness by the Turkish Sultan to the Hungarian exiles, Kosuth among others, and said that the protection of such men who had periled so much for liberty, appealed, and with effect, to the heart of every American.

The Turkish Minister expressed much kindness for this unexpected welcome, and remarked that the protection of Kosuth and his compatriots was evidence of the kindness of the Sultan's heart for all men, and more especially for those in distress.

We learn that the Turkish Minister was much delighted with the appearance of the bay and surrounding country, and expresses the liveliest interest as to America.—N. Y. Trib.

Prospects of the Corn Crop.

The editor of the Rossville (O.) Democrat resides in an excellent corn growing country, and should be credited for the following opinion:

"From recent examination of the growing corn in this county, we are confident that the yield this year will fall far short of being an average one, even if it should have the benefit of the most favorable season for it to ripen in. Unless frost should be delayed very late, a large portion of the corn in this county cannot mature. There is every indication that the crop will be small this year, to what it generally is throughout the Miami Valley."

Gen. Hinton.

The testimony in the case of Hinton is voluminous, but we shall give our readers the Herald report of it. The facts brought out on Friday establish his guilt beyond a doubt, as a portion of the money found on his person when arrested was shown to be the identical money that was sent east from Newark. The testimony shows that Hinton went east from Zanesville in the coach carrying this package; that the money was put into a bag for Wheeling; that there was no office on the road to Wheeling that could open this bag, and that the package did not arrive at Wheeling. Finding the identical money in Hinton's pocket book, is a coincidence that cannot very easily be reconciled with innocence.—State Journal.

A WARNING FOR PARENTS AND BOYS.—The practice of lads jumping upon drays, wagons, &c., on their passage through the streets of the city, is very common and very dangerous. The following particulars from a New Albany paper, should serve as a caution:

"A lad while riding on a dray, yesterday afternoon, was killed by the falling of a stake which caught in the tail of a dray while turning. The stake struck him just below the breast bone, throwing him from the dray and killing him instantly. The lad's name was Stephenson, and his age about 15 or 16 years. The sad accident occurred in the vicinity of the railroad depot."

EAGLE AGAINST THE WORLD.—Col. F. A. Sprague, of Eagle Prairie, has left at our office, for the inspection of the curious, two Wisconsin cucumbers—one of them measures five feet and eleven inches; the other being, as the Col. says, just right for pickling; not more than four or five feet long. The Col. never was beaten yet, and whenever one comes up to these figures he will try again.—Waukesha Dem.

TO STOP A FIT OF COUGHING.—A correspondent of the London Medical Gazette states that to close the nostrils with the thumb and finger during expiration, leaving them free during inspiration, will relieve a fit of coughing in a short time. In addition to the above, we state, from personal knowledge, that to press the finger on the upper lip, just below the nose, will make the severest premonitory symptoms of a sneeze pass off harmless. We have found the remedy useful many a time in creeping on game in the woods.

N. E. Farmer.

A bill has passed the Senate, authorizing the Postmaster General to contract for a tri-monthly mail line of steamers between New Orleans and Vera Cruz, in Mexico, to be put in operation on or before the 1st of January, 1851.

Five or six hundred vessels belonging to the British commerce are wrecked annually. A considerable proportion of these losses result from errors of the compass, caused by iron used in the construction of the ship.

STAR MILLS.

CLENDINEN, NASH & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Book and Printing Paper.

Also Dealers in Letter, Cap and Wrapping Paper, Manilla, Stationery, &c.

Gallipolis, Ohio.

The highest market price paid for Rags Feb 21 '50.—17

J. E. HANNA, V. M. FIBER, McConnelville, Gallipolis.

HANNA & FIBER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will attend the Courts in Gallia County, O.

Office in Star House.

DR. J. SANN'S,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Gallipolis and surrounding country.

Office in the brick building between A. Leclercq's and J. Sann's Store.

June 6, 1850.

Maria Skirvin, vs. William Skirvin, et al.

GALLIA COMMON PLEAS.

Petition for Partition and Decree.

William Skirvin, Henry Phillips and Elizabeth Phillips, his wife, formerly Elizabeth Skirvin, Eliza Jane Skirvin, Peter B. Skirvin, John P. Skirvin, James B. Skirvin, Jacob C. Skirvin, Francis M. Skirvin, and Charles M. Skirvin, Esq., vs. Sarah Hardy, and Amanda Hardy, will take notice that a petition was filed against them on the 27th day of August, A. D. 1850, in the court of Common Pleas of Gallia county, Ohio, by Maria Skirvin, et al., to partition the premises of the following land, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section eleven (11) in Township six (6) of Range sixteen (16), in said county of Gallia, in the district of lands subject to sale at Chillicothe, Ohio, and that at the next term of said court application will be made by the said Maria Skirvin, et al., for an order that partition may be made of said premises, and her decree assigned therein. Dated this 27th day of August, 1850.

MARIA SKIRVIN, vs. L. PERRY, her Attorney.

Aug. 29, 1850.—6w

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of an execution writ of vendi exposita, from the court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1850, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: one hundred and forty acres of land, more or less, situated in the southwest quarter of Section eleven (11) in Township six (6) of Range sixteen (16), in said county of Gallia, in the district of lands subject to sale at Chillicothe, Ohio, and that at the next term of said court application will be made by the said Maria Skirvin, et al., for an order that partition may be made of said premises, and her decree assigned therein. Dated this 27th day of August, 1850.

MARIA SKIRVIN, vs. L. PERRY, her Attorney.

Aug. 29, 1850.—6w

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of an execution writ of vendi exposita, from the court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1850, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: one hundred and forty acres of land, more or less, situated in the southwest quarter of Section eleven (11) in Township six (6) of Range sixteen (16), in said county of Gallia, in the district of lands subject to sale at Chillicothe, Ohio, and that at the next term of said court application will be made by the said Maria Skirvin, et al., for an order that partition may be made of said premises, and her decree assigned therein. Dated this 27th day of August, 1850.

MARIA SKIRVIN, vs. L. PERRY, her Attorney.

Aug. 29, 1850.—6w

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of an order of sale from the court of common pleas, in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1850, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: The west half of the n. e. q. of section 27, in township 5, of range 16. Also the n. e. q. of the n. e. q. of section 27; also the n. e. q. of the s. e. q. of section 26, in township 5, and range 15, except about 3 acres sold to George Rader. Also the n. e. q. of the s. e. q. of the s. e. q. of section 26, township 5, range 15. All said lands situate and being in said county of Gallia, valued at \$1500 dollars, subject to do over estate described as follows: 38 acres of the west side of the west half of the n. e. q. of section 27, of township 5, range 16, beginning at the n. w. corner of said tract, thence east 14 chains 50 links, to a stake, on the north line, thence south to a stake on the south line, thence west 14 chains and 50 links, to the s. e. corner, thence north on the west line to the place of beginning.

Sept. 5, 1850. A. LOGUE, S. G. C.

Samuel E. Gates vs. Wm. Bruce, et al.

In Gallia Com. Pleas.—In Partition.

William Bruce, of Tazewell county, Virginia, John Bruce, of the State of Missouri, William Humphreys, and Nancy Ann Humphreys, his wife, Martha Walden and Thomas Walden, of Jackson county, Ohio, and John Campbell, Joseph Thompson, Alish Bentley, John Bennett, and John Benson, partners in business under the firm name of Bentley, Thompson & Co., of Gallia county, Ohio, will take notice that a petition was filed against them on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1850, in the court of Common Pleas in and for Gallia county, Ohio, by Samuel E. Gates, et al., praying, whereof the said Samuel E. Gates demands partition of the following real estate, to-wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section ten, township six, range seventeen, containing seventy-five acres, more or less, situate in Gallia county, Ohio, and that at the next term of said court, application will be made by said Samuel E. Gates for an order that partition may be made of said premises.

SAMUEL E. GATES, by LEVI DUNGAN, his Atty.

Aug. 29, 1850.—6

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of an execution writ of fieri facias, from the court of common pleas in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1850, between the hours of 10 a. m. and four o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: sixty-two acres n. w. q. of the n. w. q. of section thirty, township six, range seventeen, valued at 125 dollars. To be sold as the property of James M. Stuart, at the suit of S. C. Bailey.

Sept. 5, 1850. A. LOGUE, S. G. C.

WINDOW GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, &c.

For sale at FLEMING'S Drug Store.

WINDOW GLASS, of nearly every size; Putty, and all the usual articles of Glass; Prescription Vials of all sizes; Oils, Paints, and Dye Sticks. Also, Havana, Regalia, Colorado, Hair Spanish, and other kinds of Segars.

Aug. 29, '50.—3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Leonard Titus, administrator, vs. widow and heirs.—Petition to sell land. Gallia Com. Pleas.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the court of common pleas in and for the county of Gallia, made at the March term, 1850, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the court house, in said county, on the ninth (9th) day of October next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following real estate lying and being in the township of Morgan, in said county, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake, on the west line of Section No. 13, Township No. 7, of Range No. 15, in the center thereof, thence south 42 rods, and a half thence east eight rods, thence south 19 rods and a half, thence east 90 rods, thence south 8 rods, thence east forty-two rods, thence north one hundred and sixty rods, to the middle line of said section, thence east on said line one hundred and forty rods, to the place of beginning, containing 79 acres, being the real estate of the said Leonard Titus, deceased, to be sold subject to the dower of the widow of said deceased, and upon the following terms, to-wit: one half of the purchase money is to be paid in cash, and the residue in one year, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by mortgage on the premises.

RICHARD ALLEN, Adm'r.

Aug. 29, '50.—6 of Leonard Titus, dec'd.

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of an execution writ of fieri facias from the court of common pleas in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the court house in Gallipolis on the 9th day of Oct. A. D. 1850, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m. in the following described property, to-wit: one-half part of said county of Gallia, being the n. w. q. of the s. w. q. of section one, in town 5, range No. 16, to be sold as the property of Thomas A. Wemy, at the suit of William Humphreys, administrator.

Sept. 5, 1850. A. LOGUE, S. G. C.

Master Commissioner's Sale.

The State of Ohio, Gallia county, court of common pleas, October term, A. D. 1846. Franklin Carel, Administrator of David McCunn, deceased, vs. George House and Allen Latham.

IN CHANCERY.

By virtue of a decretal order of said court to me directed in the above case, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in said county of Gallia, on the 10th day of Oct. next between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Gallia and State of Ohio, to-wit: Garden lot number eighteen (18) and forty feet off from the southwest side of Garden lot number nineteen (19) in the town of Gallipolis, with all the appurtenances thereto belonging. Appraised at \$1950.

S. B. RATHBURN, M. C.

September 5, 1850.—5w

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of two writs of Pias Vendi, from the court of common pleas, in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of Oct. A. D. 1850, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., the following described property, to-wit: 175 acres of land, being the east end of fraction No. 30, town 6, range 15, in the Ohio Company's Purchase, in said county of Gallia. To be sold as the property of John Mossman, to satisfy two writs, one in favor of the administrator of the estate of Arthur Ledlie, dec'd, one in favor of William Glendenien, dec'd, valued at \$2,300.

Sept. 5, 1850. A. LOGUE, S. G. C.

State of Ohio, Gallia county, ss.

Pursuant to the command of two writs of vendi exposita from the court of common pleas, in and for the county of Gallia, to me directed, I shall expose to public sale, at the court house in Gallipolis, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1850, between the hours of ten o